

**BSE SENSEX**  
17,618

**S&P CNX**  
5,345

**CMP: INR449**
**TP: INR432**
**Neutral**

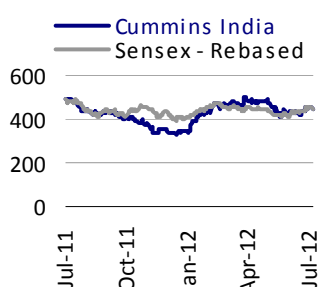

Bloomberg	KKC IN
Equity Shares (m)	277.2
52-Week Range (INR)	506/322
1,6,12 Rel. Perf. (%)	-1/16/-1
M.Cap. (INR b)	124.5
M.Cap. (USD b)	2.2

**Valuation summary (INR b)**

Y/E March	2012	2013E	2014E
Net Sales	41.2	45.8	51.6
EBITDA	7.0	8.2	9.3
NP	5.5	6.1	6.6
<b>EPS (INR)</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>24.0</b>
EPS Gr. (%)	-6.9	10.5	9.4
BV/Sh (INR)	73.5	81.3	90.1
<b>P/E (x)</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>18.7</b>
P/BV (x)	6.1	5.5	5.0
EV/EBITDA (x)	16.3	14.7	13.1
EV/Sales (x)	2.8	2.6	2.4
RoCE (%)	28.8	28.3	28.0
RoCA (%)	28.8	28.4	28.0

**Shareholding pattern %**

As on	Mar-12	Dec-11	Mar-11
Promoter	51.0	51.0	51.0
Dom. Inst	21.0	21.5	21.0
Foreign	13.6	11.9	11.7
Others	14.5	15.6	16.3

**Stock performance (1 year)**


Investors are advised to refer through disclosures made at the end of the Research Report.

**Profitability supported by cost optimization measures**
**High capex to dilute returns, 60 L engine is INR2.6b opportunity in 5 years**

- Profitability supported by cost optimization – a widening moat
- Expect meaningful increase in capex at INR6.5b each in FY13/FY14 v/s INR2.1b in FY12
- 60-liter engine has revenue potential of INR2.6b over 5 years, construction commences at Phaltan SEZ
- Liquidity crunch and slowing global economy likely to impact growth in 1HFY13
- Valuation and view: KKC currently trades at 9% premium to its LPA P/E whereas the capital goods sector is at a 9% discount to its LPA P/E. Such rich valuations leave little room for disappointments. Maintain Neutral.

**Profitability supported by cost optimization – a widening moat**

In FY12, Cummins India (KKC) curtailed its EBITDA margin decline at 200bp to 16.9%, despite slowing sales (up 3% YoY) and rising input costs. Raw material (RM) costs rose only 3% YoY despite 16% YoY rise in pig iron prices, which forms over 50% of RM cost. This commendable achievement is a result of increased indigenization and cost optimization measures:

- RM imports have declined significantly** from 29-30% of revenues in FY07-08 to 20% in FY12. Also, within RM, component imports have declined to 69% of RM consumed (from 77% in FY08) and share of semi-finished components have increased to 19% from 5% in FY08.
- Cost optimization measures** like ACE III (Accelerated Cost Efficiency) are expected to generate savings of INR2.3b till 2014 by reducing the total cost of ownership of direct materials by 20%. TRIMs (Total Reduction in Indirect Materials & Services) targets to reduce the direct cost of ownership in indirect materials by 10% over 3 years.

**Expect a meaningful increase in capex**

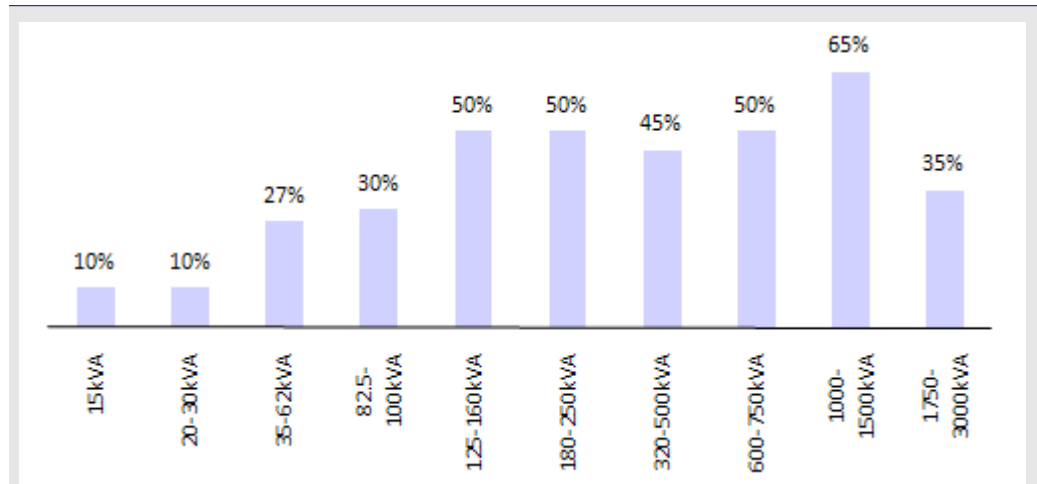
In its recent analyst meet, KKC stated that capex in FY13/14 is expected at ~INR6.5b each, which is meaningful given FY12 gross fixed assets at INR9.7b. Capex in FY12 increased to INR2.1b, and stood at 28% of the opening gross fixed asset. A large part of the incremental capex (~65%) pertains to the India Technical centre and India Office Campus, which will also be shared with group companies and thus KKC will earn lease income (IOC to commence in April 2014). This will likely dilute return ratios (FY12 ROE at 28%) and remains an area of concern. Capital commitments stood at INR4.3b in FY12, up from INR550m in FY11; thus, expect a steep increase in FY13 capex.

**60-liter engine has revenue potential of INR2.6b over 5 years**

KKC's FY12 Annual Report states that the 60-liter engine will be an INR2.6b opportunity over 5 years. This is meaningful given that KKC's domestic engine sales in FY12 is ~INR12.6b. Construction for high horsepower QSK60/23 engines in India commenced in FY12 at Phaltan megasite. We believe that going forward, there exists possibilities that some of the new products will be manufactured / exported by Cummins Inc, while KKC retains the marketing rights in India.

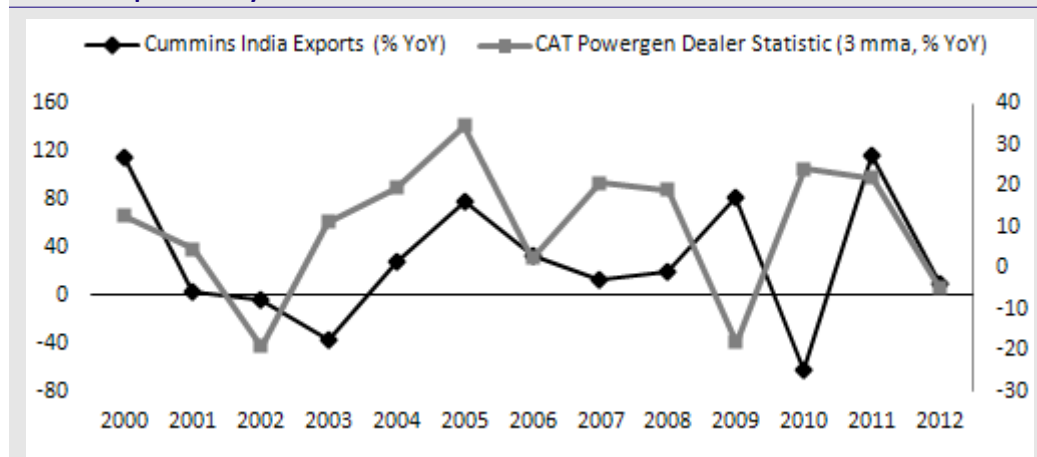
## Rising competition could impact market share and pricing

KKC has a very high market share (55-65%) in the MHP and HHP segments in India



MNC players like Perkins (subsidiary of Caterpillar), MTU (subsidiary of Daimler Chrysler), and Volvo are making definite inroads to the Indian market. Perkins has announced an investment of USD150m in December 2011 to set up a manufacturing facility in India.

KKC exports closely follows Caterpillar dealer statistics which has shown a 17% decline in the month of Apr and May 2012



On the exports front, global slowdown may impact Cummins' exports

## Profitability helped by cost optimization measures – widening moat

### ACE, TRIMs & Six-sigma programs: ongoing cost optimization measures to lead to significant savings

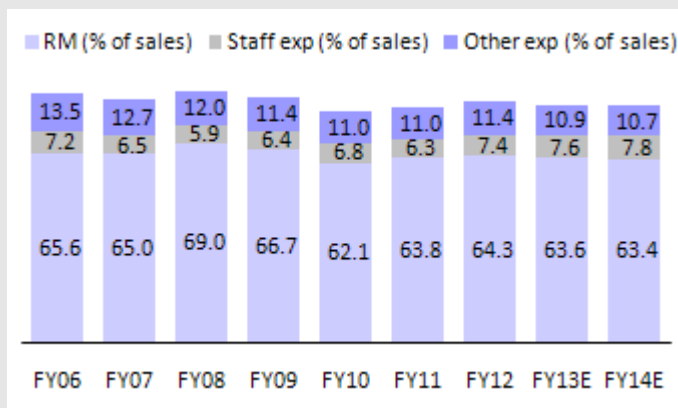
ACE III is expected to generate savings of INR2.3b till 2014 by reducing the total cost of ownership of direct materials by 20%. TRIMs targets to reduce the direct cost of ownership in indirect materials by 10% over 3 years.

<b>Accelerated Cost Efficiency (ACE)</b>	ACE was launched in 2005, and ACE II in 2008 through 2011 ACE III was launched in 2011 through 2014 and Targets to reduce the total cost of ownership for direct materials by 20% over 3 years Expected to generate savings of INR2.3b upon completion in 2014; in first year of implementation savings have been INR300m
<b>Total reduction in Indirect Material and Services (TRIMs)</b>	Launched in 2010, to reduce the total cost of ownership in indirect materials and services by 10% every year over a period of three years. In 2011, the savings along with other purchasing projects stood at INR81m and avoidance savings of INR121m
<b>Six Sigma</b>	Ongoing project since last 12 years with an objective to reduce costs across organisation through efficiency improvement measures All together, these projects have generated savings of INR1b In FY12, the six sigma program was extended to Junior managers

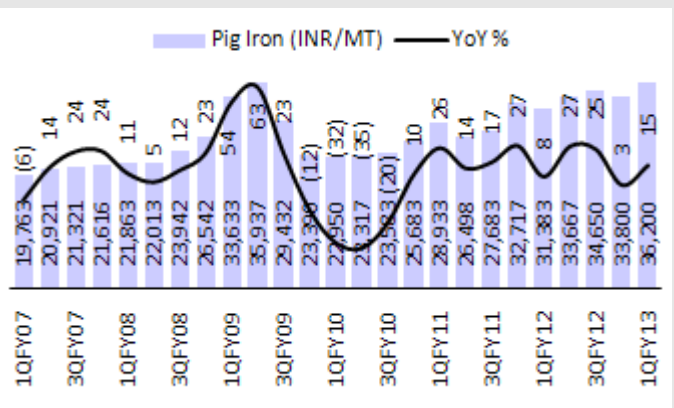
**EBITDA margin decline curtailed at 200bp in FY12 despite sales growth of just 3%; supported by ongoing cost savings measures**

Raw material cost has increased by only 3% YoY (in line with sales growth) despite a 16% YoY rise in pig iron prices, which forms over 50% of the raw material cost. This is commendable and improves the maneuverability given increased competitive intensity.

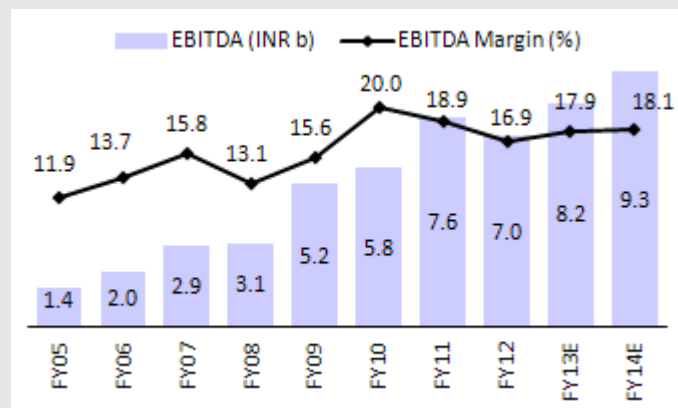
**Cost Composition: Tight Control**



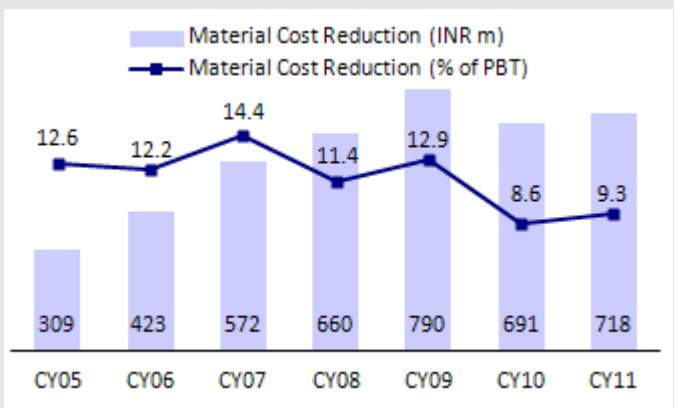
**Pig Iron prices up 16% YoY in FY12**



**EBITDA margin decline curtailed at 200bp in FY12**



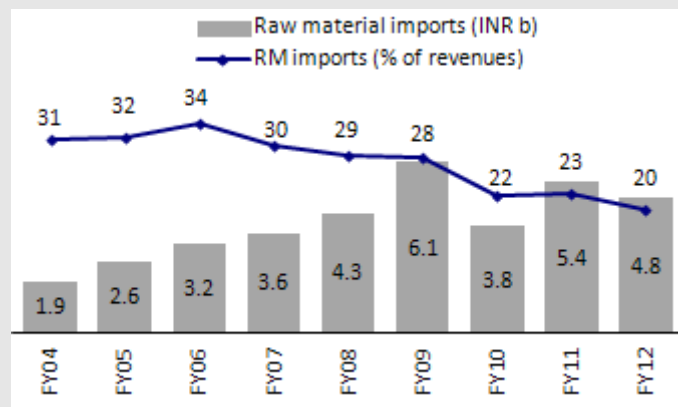
**Cost optimization measures leading to visible results**



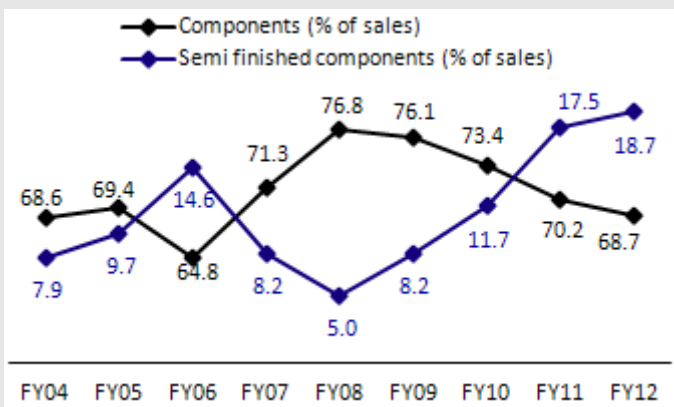
**Increased indigenization: an important determinant of cost competitiveness**

Raw material imports have declined significantly from 29-30% of revenues in FY07-08 to 20% this year. Also, within RM consumption basket, component imports have declined to 69% of RM consumed (from 77% in FY08) and share of others (including semi finished components) have increased from 5% to 19% in this period.

**RM imports has declined meaningfully**



**Share of semi finished goods have also increased**



## 60-liter engine an INR2.6b opportunity in India

### New product initiatives across segments; QSK60 a INR2.6b opportunity in India

KKC has introduced several products / line extensions to the portfolio in FY12. The management stated that 60-liter engine will be an INR2.6b opportunity over 5 years. Construction for manufacturing HHP QSK60/23 engines in India commenced in FY12 at Phaltan megasite.

<b>Exports</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ In March 2012, two ranges of low kva DG sets (40-75kva S3.8 Series and 90-125kva 6BTA5.9 Series) were added to the portfolio for global markets</li> <li>■ Exports of low kva products declined 16% in FY12; we understand that this segment contributes 30% of exports</li> </ul>
<b>Domestic</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Local assembly of 60-liter engine in India; potential to generate revenues of INR2.6b over the next five years</li> <li>■ 6 Cylinder and 4 Cylinder mechanical solutions for the wheeled construction market to facilitate the transition to BS III CEV emission norms; to yield business of INR 120-150m annually</li> <li>■ Obtained consent from Indian Railways to develop power pack for "End-on-Generation" for the express mail, which reduces the life cycle costs for the trains as compared to existing technology. Expected to cater to 500 express mail which is likely to be an INR3000m opportunity.</li> </ul>

## Capex of INR2.1b in FY12 (~28% of gross block), capital commitments at INR4.3b (vs INR550m)

### Phaltan Megasite: 2011 - 3 factories commissioned; 2012 - PDC commissioned, and commenced construction for 3 additional projects

In 2011, KKC commenced construction for low kva generator set exports factory, which will add ~INR10b to exports revenue (FY12 INR11.9b). This factory is expected to be commissioned in mid-2013. In the interim period, we expect exports to remain range-bound. Also, margins in low kva generator sets are expected to be lower than HHP segment

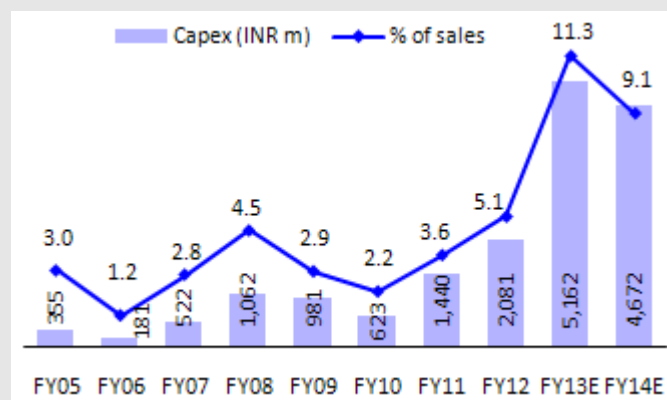
#### Capacity addition at Phaltan Megasite

Project name	Objective	Time frame
HHP Rebuild Center	Facility to rebuild HHP engines	Mar-11
Parts Distribution Center (PDC)	Will distribute parts and components from a centralized location. Objective is to enhance supply chain efficiency in aftermarket parts distribution.	3QFY12
Unit for manufacture/assembly and upfit of B, C and L series engines	Annual capacity of ~20,000 engines catering to construction, compressor, marine and fire pump markets.	3QFY13
Power gensets and G-drives manufacturing facility in low and medium horse power range	Set up at the MIDC SEZ in Phaltan; would have matured annual capacity of 51,000 units by 2015, mainly for exports. Management in recent analyst meet stated that this can contribute INR10b pa to KKC's exports	mid 2013

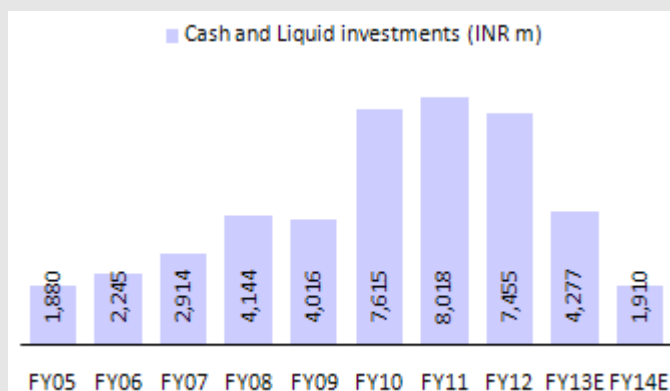
### Capex at INR2.1b in FY12 (28% of gross block): expect a meaningful jump in FY13/14 as capital commitments stands at INR4.3b (up from INR550m)

Apart from Phaltan megasite, KKC is also investing in India Technical Center at Kothrud, Pune and India Office Campus (IOC) at Balewadi, Pune. Occupation in IOC is likely to start from April 2014 and KKC will earn lease income for a large part of the facility leased to group companies. These investments could dilute return ratios (FY12 ROCE at 29%) and continue to be an area of concern.

#### Capex to witness a meaningful increase



#### Cash / Liquid investments to decline



#### KKC: Management expects a step increase in capex during FY13/14 (INR m)

	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	Total
Megasite	848	911	2,099	2,004	1,141	7,002
India Office Campus	903	1,297	2,488	2,133	472	7,293
Others	759	934	2,001	2,258	688	6,640
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,510</b>	<b>3,142</b>	<b>6,588</b>	<b>6,395</b>	<b>2,301</b>	<b>20,936</b>

Source: Company/MOSL

#### Working capital remains comfortable despite slowdown in sales (days)

	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12
Inventories	66	73	58	55	50	51	52	47	50
Sundry Debtors	89	91	90	83	86	74	66	65	60
Loans and advances	22	35	31	30	30	30	35	31	45
<b>Total Current assets</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>156</b>
Sundry Creditors	64	53	49	45	63	52	47	55	46
Other Current liabilities	16	16	14	16	15	13	18	9	15
Provisions	30	26	23	25	23	19	33	30	33
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>94</b>
<b>Net Working Capital</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>62</b>
Add: Provision for dividend	17	14	11	9	9	7	17	14	17
Less: Capital advances								2	10
<b>Adjusted net working capital</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>69</b>

Source: Company/MOSL

Increase is mainly due to fall in sundry creditors given increased vendor support. Loans and advances have risen sharply because of inclusion of capital advances for procurement of fixed assets

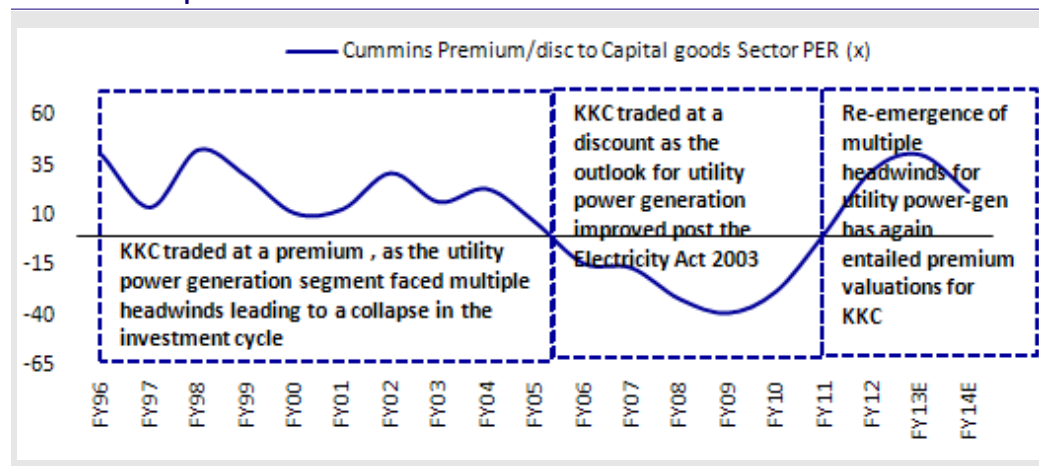
## Multiple headwinds, rich valuations leave limited room for disappointments

### The DG-sets business faces multiple headwinds:

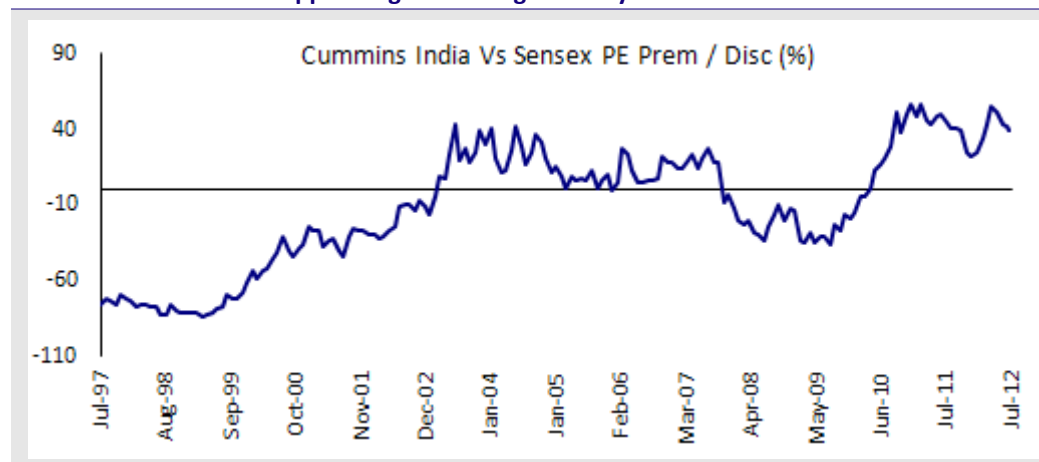
- i) Limited demand drivers given economic slowdown and tight liquidity conditions
- ii) Increased competitive intensity particularly in HHP segment (from imports / domestic players), which contributes ~60% to KKC's power gen revenues
- iii) Overhang on margins given adverse sales mix (towards LHP segment), commodity prices at peak and low capacity utilization of 40-70% impacting fixed cost absorption.

KKC currently trades at 9% premium to its LPA P/E whereas the capital goods sector is at a 9% discount to its LPA P/E. We believe KKC's premium valuation reflects its dominant market positioning, strong free cash generation, and robust 30-35% RoE. Such rich valuations leave little room for disappointments.

### KKC's valuation premium



### Relative valuations near upper range of trading across cycles



## Cummins India: Financials and Valuation

Income Statement				(INR Million)	
Y/E March	2010	2011	2012	2013E	2014E
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>28,973</b>	<b>40,425</b>	<b>41,172</b>	<b>45,757</b>	<b>51,579</b>
Change (%)	-13.5	39.5	1.8	11.1	12.7
Raw Materials	18,003	25,803	26,454	29,101	32,701
Staff Cost	1,983	2,546	3,039	3,495	4,019
Other Expenses	3,189	4,441	4,706	4,988	5,519
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>5,798</b>	<b>7,635</b>	<b>6,973</b>	<b>8,173</b>	<b>9,340</b>
% of Total Revenues	20.0	18.9	16.9	17.9	18.1
Depreciation	361	366	420	550	650
Other Income	694	804	1,233	836	436
Interest	21	48	54	20	20
<b>PBT</b>	<b>6,111</b>	<b>8,025</b>	<b>7,732</b>	<b>8,440</b>	<b>9,106</b>
Tax	1,670	2,114	2,334	2,363	2,459
Rate (%)	27.3	26.3	30.2	28.0	27.0
<b>Adjusted PAT</b>	<b>4,440</b>	<b>5,911</b>	<b>5,502</b>	<b>6,077</b>	<b>6,647</b>
Extra-ordinary Income (net)	0	0	514	0	0
<b>Reported PAT</b>	<b>4,440</b>	<b>5,911</b>	<b>5,913</b>	<b>6,077</b>	<b>6,647</b>
Change (%)	2.4	33.1	0.0	2.8	9.4
<b>Adj. Consolidated PAT</b>	<b>4,440</b>	<b>5,911</b>	<b>5,502</b>	<b>6,077</b>	<b>6,647</b>
Change (%)	0.0	33.1	-6.9	10.5	9.4

Balance Sheet				(INR Million)	
Y/E March	2010	2011	2012	2013E	2014E
Share Capital	396	396	554	554	554
Reserves	15,214	17,667	19,877	22,061	24,490
<b>Net Worth</b>	<b>15,610</b>	<b>18,063</b>	<b>20,432</b>	<b>22,615</b>	<b>25,044</b>
Loans	87	183	0	0	0
Deferred Tax Liability	-170	-187	-70	-70	-70
<b>Capital Employed</b>	<b>15,527</b>	<b>18,058</b>	<b>20,362</b>	<b>22,546</b>	<b>24,974</b>
Gross Fixed Assets	7,776	9,144	9,703	14,703	19,203
Less: Depreciation	4,440	4,734	5,054	5,495	6,023
<b>Net Fixed Assets</b>	<b>3,337</b>	<b>4,411</b>	<b>4,649</b>	<b>9,208</b>	<b>13,180</b>
Investments	7,329	7,255	5,976	1,976	1,076
<b>Curr. Assets</b>	<b>12,113</b>	<b>15,767</b>	<b>17,591</b>	<b>19,150</b>	<b>21,144</b>
Inventory	4,097	5,190	5,676	6,268	7,066
Debtors	5,229	7,182	6,783	7,522	8,479
Cash & Bank Balance	559	1,037	2,235	3,056	1,590
Loans & Advances	2,695	3,297	5,082	5,310	5,549
Other Assets	93	98	50	50	50
<b>Current Liab. &amp; Prov.</b>	<b>7,669</b>	<b>10,325</b>	<b>10,509</b>	<b>11,294</b>	<b>12,501</b>
Creditors	3,768	6,129	5,186	5,767	6,500
Other Liabilities	1,266	894	1,587	1,604	1,809
Provisions	2,634	3,302	3,736	3,923	4,192
<b>Net Current Assets</b>	<b>4,301</b>	<b>5,356</b>	<b>7,006</b>	<b>7,756</b>	<b>8,529</b>
<b>Application of Funds</b>	<b>15,527</b>	<b>18,058</b>	<b>20,362</b>	<b>22,546</b>	<b>24,974</b>

E: MOSL Estimates



## Cummins India: Financials and Valuation

### Ratios

Y/E March	2010	2011	2012	2013E	2014E
<b>Basic (INR)</b>					
Adj EPS	16.0	21.3	19.8	21.9	24.0
Cash EPS	17.3	22.6	21.4	23.9	26.3
Book Value	55.7	64.5	73.5	81.3	90.1
DPS	8.6	15.0	11.0	12.0	13.0

### Valuation (x)

P/E		23.1	22.1	20.5	18.7
Cash P/E		21.7	20.5	18.8	17.1
EV/EBITDA		16.8	16.3	14.7	13.1
EV/Sales		3.2	2.8	2.6	2.4
Price/Book Value		7.6	6.0	5.5	5.0
Dividend Yield (%)		3.0	2.5	2.7	2.9

### Profitability Ratios (%)

RoE	30.5	35.5	28.8	28.3	28.0
RoCE	30.2	35.4	28.8	28.4	28.0

### Turnover Ratios

Debtors (Days)	66	65	60	60	60
Inventory (Days)	52	47	50	50	50
Creditors. (Days)	47	55	46	46	46
Asset Turnover (x)	3.7	4.3	4.2	3.1	2.6

### Leverage Ratio

Debt/Equity (x)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
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### Cash Flow Statement

(INR Million)

Y/E March	2010	2011	2012	2013E	2014E
PBT before EO Items	6,111	8,025	7,732	8,440	9,106
Add : Depreciation	361	366	420	550	650
Interest	21	48	54	20	20
Less : Direct Taxes Paid	1,670	2,114	2,334	2,363	2,459
(Inc)/Dec in WC	2,238	(1,054)	(724)	(750)	(774)
<b>CF from Operations</b>	<b>7,059</b>	<b>5,270</b>	<b>5,149</b>	<b>5,897</b>	<b>6,543</b>
EO Income	0	0	514	0	0
<b>CF from Oper. Incl. EO Items</b>	<b>7,059</b>	<b>5,270</b>	<b>5,663</b>	<b>5,897</b>	<b>6,543</b>
(Inc)/Dec in FA	(623)	(1,440)	(2,081)	(5,162)	(4,672)
(Pur)/Sale of Investments	26	0	(148)	0	0
<b>CF from Investments</b>	<b>-597</b>	<b>-1,440</b>	<b>-2,229</b>	<b>-5,162</b>	<b>-4,672</b>
(Inc)/Dec in Net Worth	59	1,389	107	0	(2)
(Inc)/Dec in Debt	-126	96	-183	0	0
Less: Interest Paid	21	48	54	20	20
Dividend Paid	2,775	4,865	3,534	3,892	4,216
<b>CF from Fin. Activity</b>	<b>(2,863)</b>	<b>(3,427)</b>	<b>(3,664)</b>	<b>(3,912)</b>	<b>(4,238)</b>
<b>Inc/Dec of Cash</b>	<b>3,600</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>(230)</b>	<b>(3,177)</b>	<b>(2,367)</b>
Add: Beginning Balance	4,016	7,615	8,018	7,788	4,611
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>7,615</b>	<b>8,018</b>	<b>7,788</b>	<b>4,611</b>	<b>2,244</b>

E: MOSL Estimates



**N O T E S**

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